

## Response of traveling waves to transient inputs in neural fields

*Department of Mathematics, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15260, USA*

0 0 0 )

0 0 )

0 0 )



**A. Wave response function: Adjoint**

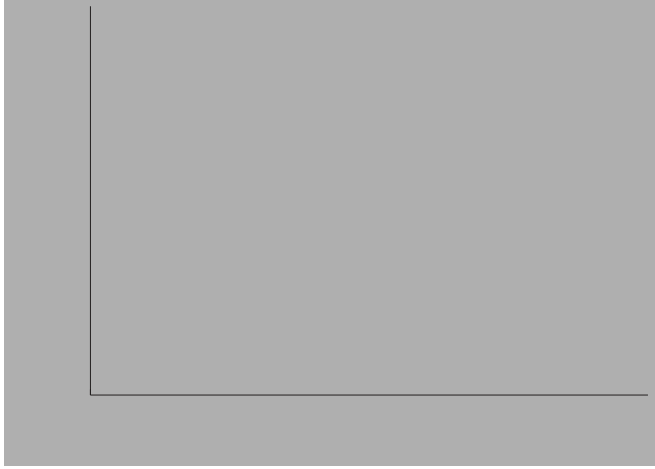
$(I(\mathbf{x}, t) = 0), \dots$   
 $u(\mathbf{x}, t) = U(\mathbf{x} - ct)$   
 $c, \dots f \in C, f'' > 0, \dots$   
 $u + f(u), \dots u_0 < u < u_0, \dots$   
 $w \in C, \dots$   
 $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} w(x) dx < \infty, \dots$   
 $0, \dots$   
 $u(\mathbf{x}, t) = U(\mathbf{x} - ct), I(\mathbf{x}, t) = 0,$

$$cU_x = U + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} w(x) f(U(x)) dx \quad (1)$$

$0 < I(\mathbf{x}, t) < \dots$   
 $I(\mathbf{x}, t) = \dots$

2020年12月25日

85.0 / 0(0)

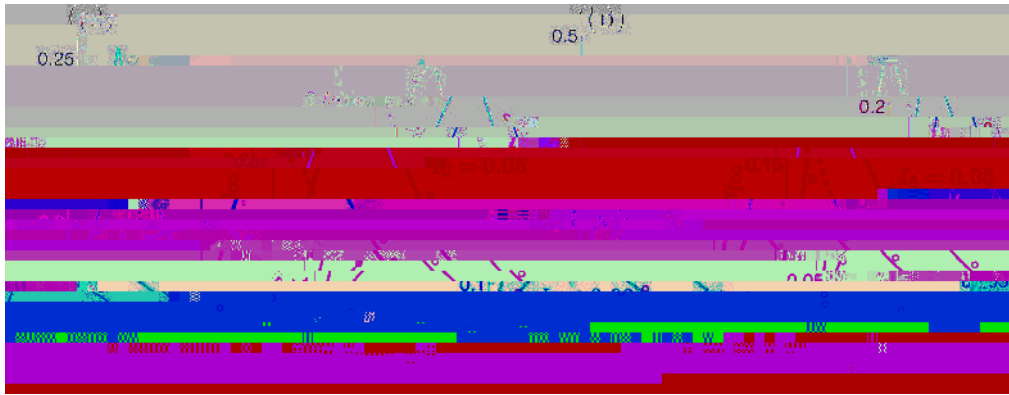


1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100



0.5 (1)

85.0 0(0)



$\Delta \mathbf{v} = 0$ ,  $\Delta \mathbf{v} = \dots$

...

...

$$cU = U + A \dots (\dots) d \dots (1)$$

...

$$U(\dots) = \frac{\dots \Delta \dots \Delta \dots \Delta}{c + \dots} \dots (2)$$

...

...

$$\frac{A \dots \Delta \dots \Delta \dots c \dots \Delta}{c + \dots} = \dots (3)$$

$$\frac{A \dots \Delta \dots \Delta + \dots + c \dots \Delta + \dots}{c + \dots} = \dots (4)$$

...

$$\frac{A(\dots \Delta \dots)}{c + \dots} (\dots \dots) = 0.$$

...



Be  $\dots$

$$V(x) = H(x) + e^{-x/c} + e^{-x/c} + |e^{-(x+\Delta)/c} + H(x+\Delta) + e^{-x/c} + e^{-x/c} + |e^{-(x+\Delta)/c}$$

$\dots$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} e^{-n/c} = -\dots \frac{1}{c}$$

$\dots$

$$c C(x) + c C(x+\Delta) = 0$$

$$C(x) = \frac{c}{\Delta} (x + \dots \Delta)$$

$$C(x+\Delta) = \frac{c}{\Delta} (x + \Delta + \dots)$$

$\dots$

$$V(x) = H(x) + \frac{e^{-x/c}}{\dots}$$

$$H(x+\Delta) + \frac{e^{-(x+\Delta)/c}}{\dots}$$

$\dots$

$$\dots = \frac{I_0 \cdot V(x) d_t}{\dots} = 0 \quad (,)$$

$\dots$

$$\dots = I_0 \frac{P_+(p)}{A \dots (\dots \Delta)}$$

$$P_+(p) = \mathcal{H}_+ e^{-(x+p)/c}, \quad p > \Delta$$

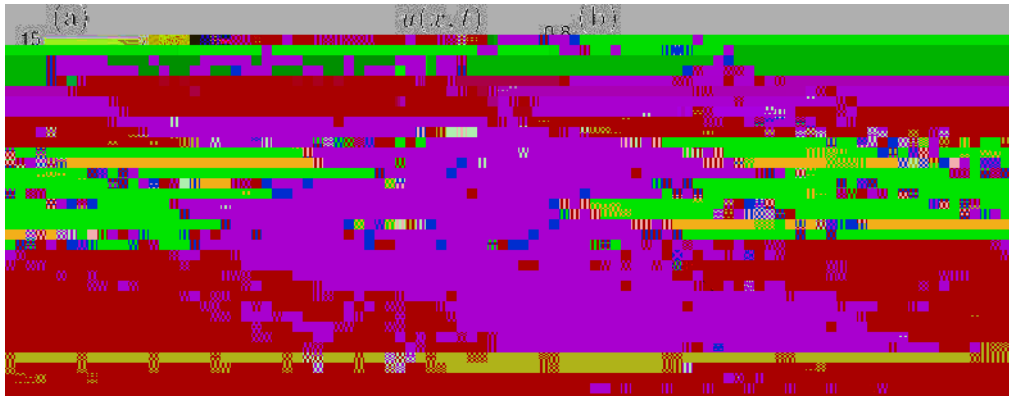
$$P_-(p) = \mathcal{H}_+ e^{-(x+p)/c} + \mathcal{E}(\dots), \quad p \in (p_-, p_+)$$

$\dots$

$$\mathcal{H} = \dots \frac{\Delta}{c}$$

$$\mathcal{E}(x) = e^{-(x+\Delta)/c}$$

$\dots$



$$I(\mathbf{x}, t) = I_0(t - t_p) \cdot \left( \frac{t - t_p}{t} \right)^{\alpha} \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{t - t_p}{t}\right) \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_p|^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{t - t_p}{t} \cdot \frac{|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}_p|^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$$

$$I_0 = A \dots \frac{1}{A \dots} + \dots \quad (1)$$

$$I(\Delta t) = I_0(t)H(\dots + \Delta t),$$

$$I_0 > A \dots \frac{1}{A \dots} \dots \quad (2)$$

$$\Delta_I = \Delta_s \quad \Delta_u = \dots \frac{1}{A \dots} \dots \quad (3)$$

## V. CONCLUSION

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

*in vivo*

(00, 00),  
(00, 00).

90, (00).  
14, (00).  
91,  
(...),  
60, (00).  
55,  
(00).  
29, (00).  
9, (00).  
105,  
(00).  
60, (...).  
25, (00).  
94, 0/0 (00).  
93, (00).  
45, 0, 00 (0).  
13, (...).  
27, (...).  
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356, (...).  
(00).  
123, (...).  
4, (...).  
155, (00).  
62, 0,  
(00).  
63, (00).  
14, (...).  
(00).