

**Applied Analysis Preliminary Exam**  
 10.00am{1.00pm, August 20, 2013

**Problem 1:** Show that the non-linear integral equation:

$$(\ ) = \cos^2(\ ) + \int_0^{\ } e^{-2(\ )} ds, \quad \in [0, \infty)$$

has a solution in  $C^1([0, \infty), \mathbb{R})$ .

**Problem 2:** Calculate the limit. **Justify** your answer.

$$\lim_{\rightarrow \infty} \sum_{=1}^k \sin \left( \pi \sqrt{\frac{k}{n}} \right) \frac{1}{\sqrt{kn}}.$$

**Problem 3:** Given a self-adjoint compact operator  $A : \ell^2 \rightarrow \ell^2$ , we de ne, for  $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$ ,

$$E_\lambda = \overline{\text{Span}\{ \in \ell^2 \mid A = \mu \text{ for some } \mu \leq \lambda \}}$$

and let

$$E^\lambda = E_\lambda^\perp$$

denote the orthogonal complement of  $E_\lambda$ .

- (a) Show that  $E^1$  is nite dimensional and  $A$  maps it to itself.
- (b) In general, for what kind of value  $\lambda$  can you guarantee that:
  - (1)  $E_\lambda$  is nite dimensional
  - (2)  $E_\lambda$  is in nite dimensional
  - (3)  $E^\lambda$  is nite dimensional
  - (4)  $E^\lambda$  is in nite dimensional

**Problem 4:** Let  $H$  be a Hilbert space with an orthonormal basis  $(\varphi_j)_{j=1}^\infty$ . Suppose further that  $(\lambda_j)_{j=1}^\infty$  is a sequence of non-negative real numbers such that  $\lambda_j \rightarrow \infty$  as  $j \rightarrow \infty$ . De ne for any nite positive integer  $n$ , the operator  $A_n(t) \in \mathcal{B}(H)$  via

$$A_n$$