- 1. (24 pts) Consider the points P(0, 9, 2) and Q(2, 10, 5).
 - (a) Find an equation for the set of points equidistant from point P and the plane z=7. You may leave your answer unsimplified.
 - (b) Let **v** equal the vector \overrightarrow{PQ} and let $\mathbf{w} = \overrightarrow{PR} = \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{5}, \frac{1}{4}$, where R is another point in space.
 - i. Find the distance between points Q and R.
 - ii. Find the projection of w onto v.
 - iii. Find a unit vector orthogonal to \mathbf{v} and \mathbf{w} .
- 2. (28 pts) Let L_1 and L_2 be the lines whose symmetric equations are

$$L_1: x = \frac{y+4}{2} = \frac{z-1}{2}$$
 $L_2: \frac{x}{2} = \frac{y+4}{3} = \frac{z-1}{6}$.

- (a) Write parametric equations for L_1 and L_2 .
- (b) Find the point where L_1 intersects the xz plane.
- (c) Find the angle formed by L_1 and L_2 .
- (d) Find an equation for the plane that contains L_1 and L_2 .
- 3. (24 pts) Consider the surface $x^2 + y^2 z^2 2x + 6y 6 = 0$.
 - (a) Write the equation in standard form.
 - (b) Identify the surface.
 - (c) Sketch the z = 3 trace.
 - (d) Suppose the surface is intersected with the surface z-y=3. Find vector equation(s) for the curve(s) of intersection.
- 4. (24 pts) A bug is traveling along a path. Its position at time t seconds is $\mathbf{r}(t) = t \mathbf{i} + 2t \mathbf{j} + \frac{2}{3}t^{3/2} \mathbf{k}$, measured in centimeters.
 - (a) How far does the bug travel from t=0 to 4 seconds? You may leave the final answer unsimplified.
 - (b) Consider the plane 4x y z = 13. Is the vector tangent to the path at t = 4 parallel to the plane, orthogonal to the plane, or neither?
 - (c) At t = 4, the bug leaves the path and travels in a straight line in the direction of the tangent vector. Find a vector function represention s(t) for this straight path.